

TOP SECRET

19 March 1966

25X1



25X1



Copy No. c156



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE
RELATING TO NATIONAL SECURITY

25X1



GROUP 1
EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC DOWNGRADING
AND DECLASSIFICATION

State Dept. review completed

TOP SECRET

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A008800330001-8

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A008800330001-8

19 March 1966

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

CONTENTS

[REDACTED]

25X1

2. Indonesia: Army following up action against left-ist cabinet ministers. (Page 3)
3. France-USSR: De Gaulle indicates trip to Moscow will not be marked by any formal pact. (Page 4)
4. Cuba: Castro's recent actions result from his deepening frustration over economic problems. (Page 5)
5. Dominican Republic: Bosch continues to plan presidential campaign. (Page 6)
6. Notes: [REDACTED] Pakistan; France-NATO; Kennedy Round. (Page 7)

25X1

[REDACTED]

25X1

Next 3 Page(s) In Document Exempt

Indonesia: The army is following up yesterday's action against leftist cabinet ministers.

Army commander Suharto has appointed replacements for the 15 detained ministers. Three of these appointees are army officers who already hold cabinet posts, and the others are moderate civilians. Replacing Subandrio--the army's primary target--as head of the cabinet presidium and foreign minister are, respectively, the Sultan of Jogjakarta and Adam Malik. Both have worked with the army since last October.

This reshuffled cabinet apparently is to be only an interim government. The army hopes shortly to replace the present 100-man government with a considerably smaller one.

25X1

Suharto has ordered all schools and universities reopened and normal routines resumed. Although student agitation seems to have played a major role in enabling the army to act, Suharto obviously wants to get the youth off the streets as soon as possible.

President Sukarno has retired to his palace in Bogor. He will probably continue to maneuver to regain at least the appearance of political initiative. His assets, however, seem now to be so greatly reduced that his efforts are likely to be ineffective.

25X1

25X1

France-USSR: [De Gaulle has indicated privately that his trip to Moscow in June is unlikely to be marked by signature of any formal political pact.]

[In a conversation on 12 March with Maurice Schumann, president of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the French National Assembly, De Gaulle reacted negatively to the idea floated earlier by Soviet Ambassador Zorin that the visit should produce a nonaggression treaty between France and the Soviet Union. De Gaulle said there would be a regular communiqué but nothing more. Schumann quoted De Gaulle as saying he did not see how such a treaty could be signed while French and Soviet policies on Germany continued to differ.]

[The Soviets have no illusion that essential problems of European security--the German question in particular--can be settled with France alone.]

25X1

19 Mar 66

4

25X1

Cuba: Castro's recent actions may result from deepening personal frustrations over the regime's continuing inability to surmount basic economic and administrative problems.

The current plan to dismiss a number of regime officials, explained as getting rid of "playboys," seems designed to restore dynamism to Castro's regime and revive revolutionary enthusiasm among the masses. The recent show trial of Major Cubela, sentenced for plotting to assassinate Castro, probably had the same goal and was also meant to discourage other antiregime plotters.

Castro's efforts over the last 18 months to cope with persistent economic problems have had only mixed results. For example, he has admitted publicly that this year's sugar harvest will barely exceed five million tons, 1.5 million tons short of the goal. He must have serious doubts that Cuba's ambitious goal of producing ten million tons of sugar annually by 1970 will be met.

Armed Forces Vice Minister Ameijeiras' dismissal on 17 March launched Castro's "purge of dilettantes." Ameijeiras [redacted] has long been in disfavor because of incompetence. Castro has said that "no more than 50" officials will be removed, but a number of others may lose their jobs as he searches for new scapegoats or as those who are ousted implicate others. [redacted]

19 Mar 66

5

25X1

Dominican Republic: Juan Bosch continues to plan his presidential campaign while protesting that a suitable climate for holding elections has not been established.

In a meeting with Ambassadors Bennett and Bunker on 16 March, Bosch admitted that conditions are improving but reiterated that there is not time to organize a campaign and that the possibility of terrorism precludes holding a Dominican Revolutionary Party (PRD) national convention. He then shifted ground to concede that the situation might change enough in the next two weeks to make an election race possible.

25X1

It is probable that Bosch himself has not yet made up his mind whether to run and is trying to get the provisional regime and the US to take measures so that he can campaign freely. He probably continues to be deeply concerned about military opposition to any regime he may head, and may seek to postpone the race if he does not think he can be elected and remain in office.

25X1

19 Mar 66

6

25X1

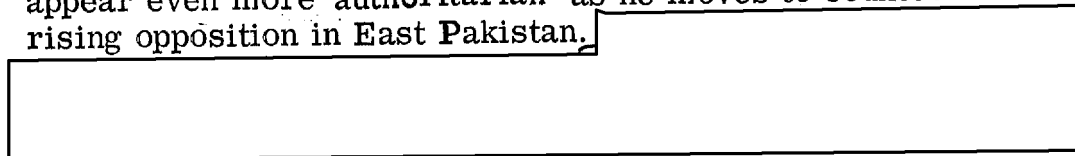
NOTES

25X1



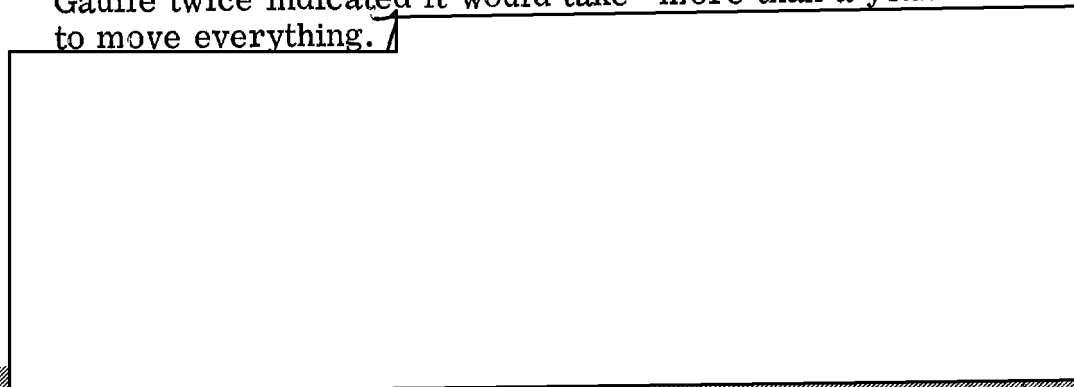
Pakistan: [The Indo-Pakistani war last fall revived long-standing fears among East Pakistan's Bengali inhabitants that the central government operates primarily for the benefit of West Pakistan. Three major opposition parties in the eastern province have now put forward programs for provincial autonomy barely short of independence. Members of the provincial government seem unable or unwilling to meet this separatist challenge. The controversy is hampering Ayub's efforts to return the country to normal, and he may have to impose restrictions on political activities and thus appear even more authoritarian as he moves to counter rising opposition in East Pakistan.]

25X1



France-NATO: [Maurice Schumann, the President of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the French National Assembly and a supporter of De Gaulle, has told US Embassy officers in Paris that he is certain there is no timetable for the evacuation of US forces from France or for the departure of SHAPE. Schumann, who talked with De Gaulle on 12 March, said that De Gaulle twice indicated it would take "more than a year" to move everything.]

25X1



25X1

Kennedy Round: [European industrial circles may increasingly be opposed to any substantial reduction of tariffs in the Kennedy Round without "equivalent progress" in eliminating other barriers to trade, such as US customs regulations. This position, advanced in a study prepared for the Federation of Belgian Industries (FIB), is reportedly shared by French, Italian, and to some extent Dutch industrialists. The US Embassy in Brussels notes that FIB interests are likely to be more strongly represented in the new Belgian government than in its predecessor.]

25X1

25X1

19 Mar 66

8

25X1

THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Counsel to the President

The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Under Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

Commander in Chief, Atlantic

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The Director, The Joint Staff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

The Department of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

The Administrator

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

The National Security Agency

The Director

The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

The Director

TOP SECRET

TOP SECRET